107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 760

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage and accelerate the nationwide production, retail sale, and consumer use of new motor vehicles that are powered by fuel cell technology, hybrid technology, battery electric technology, alternative fuels, or other advanced motor vehicle technologies, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 24, 2001

Mr. Hatch (for himself, Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Kerry, Ms. Collins, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Crapo, and Mr. Smith of Oregon) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage and accelerate the nationwide production, retail sale, and consumer use of new motor vehicles that are powered by fuel cell technology, hybrid technology, battery electric technology, alternative fuels, or other advanced motor vehicle technologies, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE; 2 TABLE OF CONTENTS. 3 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the 4 "Clean Efficient Automobiles Resulting From Advanced 5 Car Technologies (CLEAR ACT) Act of 2001". 6 (b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as other-7 wise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amend-8 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference 9 shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-10 sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 11 12 (c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows: 13 Sec. 1. Short title; amendment of 1986 Code; table of contents. Sec. 2. Findings and purposes. Sec. 3. Alternative motor vehicle credit. Sec. 4. Modification of credit for qualified electric vehicles. Sec. 5. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel. Sec. 6. Extension of deduction for certain refueling property. Sec. 7. Credit for installation of alternative fueling stations. SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. 15 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: 16 (1) The United States is a large and diverse ge-17 ographic area that includes densely populated urban 18 and suburban areas along with large sparsely popu-

lated rural areas separated by long distances, and,

as a result, Americans require reliable, efficient, and

diversified modes of transportation.

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- (2) According to the Energy Information Administration's (referred to in this section as the "EIA") March 2000 publication "International Energy Outlook", oil currently provides a larger share of world energy consumption than any other energy source and most of the growth in oil consumption in industrialized countries, including the United States, is projected for the transportation sector, where few alternatives are currently economical.
 - (3) To meet all its national security, economic development, and public health and welfare needs, the United States depends on oil as the primary fuel source for the transportation of people and goods and services in intrastate and interstate commerce.
 - (4) Since 1994, the United States has imported over 50 percent of the oil it has consumed and the EIA expects North American petroleum imports from the Persian Gulf to more than double over the forecast period of 1997–2020, with additional imports from offshore Atlantic Basin producers and refiners; this increasingly heavy reliance on imported oil presents national security risks, contributes negatively to the balance of trade of the United States, and adversely affects the United States economy, public health, and the environment.

- 1 (5) The United States currently has 121 areas 2 containing over a third of its population that do not 3 meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards 4 resulting in losses of many billions of dollars in extra 5 economic costs and lost opportunities, immeasurable 6 health problems, and a general reduction in the 7 quality of life for millions of Americans.
 - (6) Mobile sources have become the top cause of emissions in the United States.
 - (7) This heavy reliance on imported oil and failure to meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards demonstrate the need to accelerate development of advanced fuel cell technology, hybrid technology, battery electric technology, and alternative fuels technology for new motor vehicles in the transportation of people and goods and services as an important means of helping to reverse the trends of increasing dependence on oil imports and non-attainment of air quality standards, contributing to lessening national security risks, improving our balance of trade with other nations, increasing economic growth, improving health and quality of life for millions of Americans, and providing public health, welfare, and economic benefits.

- eral and private sector funds and programs to encourage technological advancement for the development and use of motor vehicles that are powered by fuel cell and hybrid technologies, battery electric technology, and alternative technologies, consumer acceptance of such vehicles and fuels has been restrained by 3 major barriers—the increased costs of these technologies, the cost of alternative fuels, and the lack of adequate infrastructure to refuel the alternative-fueled vehicles.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
 - (1) help instill consumer confidence and acceptance of alternative motor vehicles by lowering the 3 major barriers to this confidence and acceptance;
 - (2) enable the accelerated introduction into the marketplace of new motor vehicle technologies without adverse emission impact, while retaining a policy of fuel neutrality in order to foster private innovation and commercialization and allow market forces to decide the technologies and fuels that are consumer-friendly, safe, environmentally sound, and economic;
 - (3) provide, for a limited time period, financial incentives to encourage consumers nationwide to

1	purchase or lease new fuel cell, hybrid, battery elec-
2	tric, and alternative fuel motor vehicles;
3	(4) increase demand of such vehicles so as to
4	make the annual production by manufacturers and
5	retail sale of such vehicles economically and commer-
6	cially viable for the consumer;
7	(5) promote and expand the use of such vehicles
8	nationwide; and
9	(6) promote a nationwide diversity of motor ve-
10	hicle fuels for advanced and hybrid technology and
11	alternatively fueled motor vehicles.
12	SEC. 3. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
13	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-
14	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.)
15	is amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"SEC. 30B. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
17	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be al-
18	lowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter
19	for the taxable year an amount equal to the sum of—
20	"(1) the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle
21	credit determined under subsection (b),
22	"(2) the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle
23	credit determined under subsection (c), and
24	"(3) the new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
25	hicle credit determined under subsection (d).

1	"(b) New Qualified Fuel Cell Motor Vehicle
2	Credit.—
3	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
4	(a), the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle credit
5	determined under this subsection with respect to a
6	new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle placed in service
7	by the taxpayer during the taxable year is—
8	"(A) \$4,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
9	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
10	pounds,
11	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross
12	vehicle weight rating of more than 8,500
13	pounds but not more than 14,000 pounds,
14	"(C) \$20,000, if such vehicle has a gross
15	vehicle weight rating of more than 14,000
16	pounds but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
17	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross
18	vehicle weight rating of more than 26,000
19	pounds.
20	"(2) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The amount deter-
22	mined under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to
23	a new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle which is
24	a passenger automobile or light truck shall be
25	increased by—

1	"(i) \$1,000, if such vehicle achieves at
2	least 150 percent but less than 175 per-
3	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
4	omy,
5	"(ii) \$1,500, if such vehicle achieves
6	at least 175 percent but less than 200 per-
7	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
8	omy,
9	"(iii) \$2,000, if such vehicle achieves
10	at least 200 percent but less than 225 per-
11	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
12	omy,
13	"(iv) \$2,500, if such vehicle achieves
14	at least 225 percent but less than 250 per-
15	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
16	omy,
17	"(v) \$3,000, if such vehicle achieves
18	at least 250 percent but less than 275 per-
19	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
20	omy,
21	"(vi) \$3,500, if such vehicle achieves
22	at least 275 percent but less than 300 per-
23	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
24	omy, and

1	"(vii) \$4,000, if such vehicle	achi	eves
2	at least 300 percent of the 200	0 m	odel
3	year city fuel economy.		
4	"(B) 2000 MODEL YEAR CITY FUE	L EC	ON-
5	OMY.—For purposes of subparagraph	(A),	the
6	2000 model year city fuel economy with	res	pect
7	to a vehicle shall be determined in acc	corda	ance
8	with the following tables:		
9	"(i) In the case of a passeng	er a	uto-
10	mobile:		
11	"If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: 1,500 or 1,750 lbs 2,000 lbs 2,250 lbs 2,500 lbs 2,750 lbs 3,000 lbs 3,500 lbs 4,000 lbs 4,500 lbs 5,500 lbs 6,000 lbs 6,500 lbs 7,000 or 8,500 lbs "(ii) In the case of a light true	43.7 38.3 34.1 30.7 27.9 25.6 22.0 19.3 17.2 15.5 14.1 12.9 11.9	mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg
	"If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is: 1,500 or 1,750 lbs 2,000 lbs 2,250 lbs 2,500 lbs 3,000 lbs 3,500 lbs 4,000 lbs 5,000 lbs 5,000 lbs 6,000 lbs	37.6 33.7 30.6 28.0 25.9 24.1 21.3 19.0 17.3 15.8 14.6	mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg mpg

	"If	class is:			The 2000 a	ıy is:	-	fuel mpg
) mpg.
1			"(C)	VEHICL	E INERTIA	WEIGHT	CLAS	ss.—
2		For	r purp	oses of	subparagra	aph (B),	the ·	term
3		'vel	hicle i	nertia v	veight clas	ss' has	the s	same
4		me	aning	as when	defined i	n regula	tions	pre-
5		ser	ibed by	y the A	dministrate	or of the	Env	iron-
6		me	ntal Pi	rotection	Agency fe	or purpos	ses of	the
7		adı	ninistra	ation of	title II of	the Clea	n Air	Act
8		(42	U.S.C	. 7521 e	t seq.).			
9		"(3	3) New	QUALIF:	IED FUEL	CELL MO'	TOR V	EHI-
10		CLE.—H	or pu	rposes o	of this sul	osection,	the	term
11		'new qu	alified	fuel cell	motor vehi	cle' mear	ıs a m	notor
12		vehicle-	_					
13			"(A)	which is	s propelled	by pow	er dei	rived
14		fro	m one	or more	cells which	h conver	t cher	nical
15		en€	ergy dir	ectly int	o electricit	y by com	bining	g ox-
16		yge	en with	n hydrog	gen fuel w	which is	stored	d on
17		boa	ard the	vehicle	in any fori	n and ma	ay or	may
18		not	requir	e reform	ation prior	to use,		
19			"(B)	which,	in the ca	se of a	passe	nger
20		aut	omobil	e or light	t truck—			
21				"(i) for 2	2002 and 1	ater mode	el vehi	icles,
22			has	received	a certific	eate of o	confor	mity
23			unde	r the Cle	ean Air Ac	t and $m\epsilon$	eets or	r ex-
24					aivalent ou			

1	low emission vehicle standard under sec-
2	tion 243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for
3	that make and model year, and
4	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehi-
5	cles, has received a certificate that such ve-
6	hicle meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II
7	emission level established in regulations
8	prescribed by the Administrator of the En-
9	vironmental Protection Agency under sec-
10	tion 202(i) of the Clean Air Act for that
11	make and model year vehicle,
12	"(C) the original use of which commences
13	with the taxpayer,
14	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
15	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
16	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
17	"(c) New Qualified Hybrid Motor Vehicle
18	Credit.—
19	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
20	(a), the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle credit de-
21	termined under this subsection with respect to a new
22	qualified hybrid motor vehicle placed in service by
23	the taxpayer during the taxable year is the credit
24	amount determined under paragraph (2).
25	"(2) Credit amount.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The credit amount de-
2	termined under this paragraph shall be deter-
3	mined in accordance with the following tables:
4	"(i) In the case of a new qualified hy-
5	brid motor vehicle which is a passenger
6	automobile or light truck and which pro-
7	vides the following percentage of the max-
8	imum available power:
	"If percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is: At least 5 percent but less than 10 percent
9	"(ii) In the case of a new qualified hy-
10	brid motor vehicle which is a heavy duty
11	hybrid motor vehicle and which provides
12	the following percentage of the maximum
13	available power:
14	"(I) If such vehicle has a gross
15	vehicle weight rating of not more than
16	14,000 pounds:
	"If percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is: At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent \$1,500 At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent \$1,750 At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent \$2,000 At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent \$2,250 At least 60 percent \$2,500
17	"(II) If such vehicle has a gross
18	vehicle weight rating of more than

1		14,000 but not more than 26,000
2		pounds:
	"If	percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is: At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent
3		"(III) If such vehicle has a gross
4		vehicle weight rating of more than
5		26,000 pounds:
	"If	percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is: At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent \$6,000 At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent \$7,000 At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent \$8,000 At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent \$9,000 At least 60 percent \$10,000.
6		"(B) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
7		"(i) Amount.—The amount deter-
8		mined under subparagraph (A)(i) with re-
9		spect to a passenger automobile or light
10		truck shall be increased by—
11		"(I) \$500, if such vehicle
12		achieves at least 125 percent but less
13		than 150 percent of the 2000 model
14		year city fuel economy,
15		"(II) \$1,000, if such vehicle
16		achieves at least 150 percent but less
17		than 175 percent of the 2000 model
18		year city fuel economy,

1	"(III) \$1,500, if such vehicle
2	achieves at least 175 percent but less
3	than 200 percent of the 2000 model
4	year city fuel economy,
5	"(IV) \$2,000, if such vehicle
6	achieves at least 200 percent but less
7	than 225 percent of the 2000 model
8	year city fuel economy,
9	"(V) \$2,500, if such vehicle
10	achieves at least 225 percent but less
11	than 250 percent of the 2000 model
12	year city fuel economy, and
13	"(VI) \$3,000, if such vehicle
14	achieves at least 250 percent of the
15	2000 model year city fuel economy.
16	"(ii) 2000 model year city fuel
17	ECONOMY.—For purposes of clause (i), the
18	2000 model year city fuel economy with re-
19	spect to a vehicle shall be determined using
20	the tables provided in subsection (b)(2)(B)
21	with respect to such vehicle.
22	"(C) Increase for accelerated emis-
23	SIONS PERFORMANCE.—The amount deter-
24	mined under subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect
25	to an applicable heavy duty hybrid motor vehi-

1	cle shall be increased by the increase credit		
2	amount determined in accordance with the fol-		
3	lowing tables:		
4	"(i) In the case of a vehicle which has		
5	a gross vehicle weight rating of not more		
6	than 14,000 pounds:		
U	than 11,000 pounds.		
	"If the model year is: The increase credit amount is:		
	2002		
	2003		
	2004		
	2005 \$2,000 2006 \$1,500		
7	"(ii) In the case of a vehicle which		
8	has a gross vehicle weight rating of more		
9	than 14,000 pounds but not more than		
10	26,000 pounds:		
	"If the model year is: The increase credit amount is:		
	2002		
	2003		
	2004		
	2005		
	2006		
11	"(iii) In the case of a vehicle which		
12	has a gross vehicle weight rating of more		
13 than 26,000 pounds:			
	"If the model year is: The increase credit amount is:		
	2002		
	2003\$12,000		
	2004		
	2005		
	2006		
14	"(D) Definitions.—		
15	"(i) Applicable heavy duty hy-		
16	BRID MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of		

subparagraph (C), the term 'applicable heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle' means a heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle which is powered by an internal combustion or heat engine which is certified as meeting the emission standards set in the regulations prescribed by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for 2007 and later model year diesel heavy duty engines or 2008 and later model year ottocycle heavy duty engines, as applicable.

"(ii) Heavy duty Hybrid motor vehicle means a heavy duty engines, as applicable.

"(iii) Heavy duty Hybrid motor vehicle means a heavy duty engines, as applicable.

"(ii) Heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle' means a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle which has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 pounds and draws propulsion energy from both of the following onboard sources of stored energy:

"(I) An internal combustion or heat engine using consumable fuel which, for 2002 and later model vehicles, has received a certificate of conformity under the Clean Air Act and meets or exceeds a level of not greater

1	than 3.0 grams per brake horse-
2	power-hour of oxides of nitrogen and
3	0.01 per brake horsepower-hour of
4	particulate matter.
5	"(II) A rechargeable energy stor-
6	age system.
7	"(iii) Maximum available power.—
8	"(I) Passenger automobile
9	OR LIGHT TRUCK.—For purposes of
10	subparagraph (A)(i), the term 'max-
11	imum available power' means the
12	maximum power available from the
13	battery or other electrical storage de-
14	vice, during a standard 10 second
15	pulse power test, divided by the sum
16	of the battery or other electrical stor-
17	age device and the SAE net power of
18	the heat engine.
19	"(II) HEAVY DUTY HYBRID
20	MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of
21	subparagraph (A)(ii), the term 'max-
22	imum available power' means the
23	maximum power available from the
24	battery or other electrical storage de-
25	vice, during a standard 10 second

1	pulse power test, divided by the vehi-
2	cle's total traction power. The term
3	'total traction power' means the sum
4	of the electric motor peak power and
5	the heat engine peak power of the ve-
6	hicle, except that if the electric motor
7	is the sole means by which the vehicle
8	can be driven, the total traction power
9	is the peak electric motor power.
10	"(3) New Qualified hybrid motor vehi-
11	CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
12	'new qualified hybrid motor vehicle' means a motor
13	vehicle—
14	"(A) which draws propulsion energy from
15	onboard sources of stored energy which are
16	both—
17	"(i) an internal combustion or heat
18	engine using combustible fuel, and
19	"(ii) a rechargeable energy storage
20	system,
21	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger
22	automobile or light truck—
23	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
24	has received a certificate of conformity
25	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-

1	ceeds the equivalent qualifying California
2	low emission vehicle standard under sec-
3	tion 243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for
4	that make and model year, and
5	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehi-
6	cles, has received a certificate that such ve-
7	hicle meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II
8	emission level established in regulations
9	prescribed by the Administrator of the En-
10	vironmental Protection Agency under sec-
11	tion 202(i) of the Clean Air Act for that
12	make and model year vehicle,
13	"(C) the original use of which commences
14	with the taxpayer,
15	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
16	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
17	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
18	"(d) New Qualified Alternative Fuel Motor
19	Vehicle Credit.—
20	"(1) Allowance of credit.—Except as pro-
21	vided in paragraph (5), the credit determined under
22	this subsection is an amount equal to the applicable
23	percentage of the incremental cost of any new quali-
24	fied alternative fuel motor vehicle placed in service
25	by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

1	"(2) Applicable Percentage.—For purposes
2	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage with re-
3	spect to any new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
4	hicle is—
5	"(A) 50 percent, plus
6	"(B) 30 percent, if such vehicle—
7	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
8	formity under the Clean Air Act and meets
9	or exceeds the most stringent standard
10	available for certification under the Clean
11	Air Act for that make and model year vehi-
12	cle (other than a zero emission standard),
13	or
14	"(ii) has received an order from an
15	applicable State certifying the vehicle for
16	sale or lease in California and meets or ex-
17	ceeds the most stringent standard available
18	for certification under the State laws of
19	California (enacted in accordance with a
20	waiver granted under section 209(b) of the
21	Clean Air Act) for that make and model
22	year vehicle (other than a zero emission
23	standard).
24	"(3) Incremental cost.—For purposes of
25	this subsection, the incremental cost of any new

1	qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle is equal to
2	the amount of the excess of the manufacturer's sug-
3	gested retail price for such vehicle over such price
4	for a gasoline or diesel fuel motor vehicle of the
5	same model, to the extent such amount does not
6	exceed—
7	"(A) \$5,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
8	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
9	pounds,
10	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross
11	vehicle weight rating of more than 8,500
12	pounds but not more than 14,000 pounds,
13	"(C) \$25,000, if such vehicle has a gross
14	vehicle weight rating of more than 14,000
15	pounds but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
16	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross
17	vehicle weight rating of more than 26,000
18	pounds.
19	"(4) Qualified alternative fuel motor
20	VEHICLE DEFINED.—For purposes of this
21	subsection—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
23	alternative fuel motor vehicle' means any motor
24	vehicle—

1	"(i) which is only capable of operating
2	on an alternative fuel,
3	"(ii) the original use of which com-
4	mences with the taxpayer,
5	"(iii) which is acquired by the tax-
6	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
7	and
8	"(iv) which is made by a manufac-
9	turer.
10	"(B) Alternative fuel.—The term 'al-
11	ternative fuel' means compressed natural gas,
12	liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas,
13	hydrogen, and any liquid at least 85 percent of
14	the volume of which consists of methanol.
15	"(5) Credit for mixed-fuel vehicles.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a
17	mixed-fuel vehicle placed in service by the tax-
18	payer during the taxable year, the credit deter-
19	mined under this subsection is an amount equal
20	to—
21	"(i) in the case of a 75/25 mixed-fuel
22	vehicle, 70 percent of the credit which
23	would have been allowed under this sub-
24	section if such vehicle was a qualified alter-
25	native fuel motor vehicle, and

1	"(ii) in the case of a 95/5 mixed-fuel
2	vehicle, 95 percent of the credit which
3	would have been allowed under this sub-
4	section if such vehicle was a qualified alter-
5	native fuel motor vehicle.
6	"(B) Mixed-fuel vehicle.—For pur-
7	poses of this subsection, the term 'mixed-fuel
8	vehicle' means any motor vehicle described in
9	subparagraph (C) or (D) of paragraph (3),
10	which—
11	"(i) is certified by the manufacturer
12	as being able to perform efficiently in nor-
13	mal operation on a combination of an al-
14	ternative fuel and a petroleum-based fuel,
15	"(ii) either—
16	"(I) has received a certificate of
17	conformity under the Clean Air Act,
18	or
19	"(II) has received an order from
20	an applicable State certifying the vehi-
21	cle for sale or lease in California and
22	meets or exceeds the low emission ve-
23	hicle standard under section 88.105-
24	94 of title 40, Code of Federal Regu-

1	lations, for that make and model year
2	vehicle,
3	"(iii) the original use of which com-
4	mences with the taxpayer,
5	"(iv) which is acquired by the tax-
6	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
7	and
8	"(v) which is made by a manufac-
9	turer.
10	"(C) 75/25 MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For
11	purposes of this subsection, the term '75/25
12	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
13	which operates using at least 75 percent alter-
14	native fuel and not more than 25 percent petro-
15	leum-based fuel.
16	"(D) 95/5 MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For
17	purposes of this subsection, the term '95/5
18	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
19	which operates using at least 95 percent alter-
20	native fuel and not more than 5 percent petro-
21	leum-based fuel.
22	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The
23	credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
24	shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—

1	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year re-
2	duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
3	part A and sections 27, 29, and 30, over
4	"(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
5	year.
6	"(f) OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—
7	For purposes of this section—
8	"(1) Consumable fuel.—The term
9	'consumable fuel' means any solid, liquid, or gaseous
10	matter which releases energy when consumed by an
11	auxiliary power unit.
12	"(2) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor vehi-
13	cle' has the meaning given such term by section
14	30(e)(2).
15	"(3) 2000 MODEL YEAR CITY FUEL ECON-
16	OMY.—The 2000 model year city fuel economy with
17	respect to any vehicle shall be measured under rules
18	similar to the rules under section 4064(c).
19	"(4) Other terms.—The terms 'automobile',
20	'passenger automobile', 'light truck', and 'manufac-
21	turer' have the meanings given such terms in regula-
22	tions prescribed by the Administrator of the Envi-
23	ronmental Protection Agency for purposes of the ad-
24	ministration of title II of the Clean Air Act (42
25	U.S.C. 7521 et seq.).

- "(5) Reduction in Basis.—For purposes of this subtitle, the basis of any property for which a credit is allowable under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such credit so allowed (determined without regard to subsection (e)).
 - "(6) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of any deduction or credit allowable under this chapter—
 - "(A) for any incremental cost taken into account in computing the amount of the credit determined under subsection (d) shall be reduced by the amount of such credit attributable to such cost, and
 - "(B) with respect to a vehicle described under subsection (b) or (c), shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowed under subsection (a) for such vehicle for the taxable year.
 - "(7) Property used by tax-exempt entities.—In the case of a credit amount which is allowable with respect to a motor vehicle which is acquired by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the vehicle for purposes of this section and the credit shall be allowed to such person, but

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- only if the person clearly discloses to the entity in any sale or lease document the specific amount of any credit otherwise allowable to the entity under this section and reduces the sale or lease price of such vehicle by an equivalent amount of such credit.
 - "(8) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by regulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to any property which ceases to be property eligible for such credit (including recapture in the case of a lease period of less than the economic life of a vehicle).
 - "(9) Property used outside united states, etc., not qualified.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect to the portion of the cost of any property taken into account under section 179.
 - "(10) Election to not take credit.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section apply to such vehicle.

"(11) Carryforward allowed.—

24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount 25 allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable

1	year exceeds the amount of the limitation under
2	subsection (e) for such taxable year (referred to
3	as the 'unused credit year' in this paragraph),
4	such excess shall be allowed as a credit
5	carryforward for each of the 20 taxable years
6	following the unused credit year.
7	"(B) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of
8	section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
9	carryforward under subparagraph (A).
10	"(12) Interaction with air quality and
11	MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS.—Unless oth-
12	erwise provided in this section, a motor vehicle shall
13	not be considered eligible for a credit under this sec-
14	tion unless such vehicle is in compliance with—
15	"(A) the applicable provisions of the Clean
16	Air Act for the applicable make and model year
17	of the vehicle (or applicable air quality provi-
18	sions of State law in the case of a State which
19	has adopted such provision under a waiver
20	under section 209(b) of the Clean Air Act), and
21	"(B) the motor vehicle safety provisions of
22	sections 30101 through 30169 of title 49,
23	United States Code.
24	"(g) Regulations.—

1	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall pro-
2	mulgate such regulations as necessary to carry out
3	the provisions of this section.
4	"(2) Administrator of environmental
5	PROTECTION AGENCY.—The Administrator of the
6	Environmental Protection Agency, in coordination
7	with the Secretary of Transportation and the Sec-
8	retary of the Treasury, shall prescribe such regula-
9	tions as necessary to determine whether a motor ve-
10	hicle meets the requirements to be eligible for a
11	credit under this section.
12	"(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
13	any property placed in service after—
14	"(1) in the case of a new qualified fuel cell
15	motor vehicle (as described in subsection (b)), De-
16	cember 31, 2011, and
17	"(2) in the case of any other property, Decem-
18	ber 31, 2007.".
19	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
20	(1) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking
21	"and" at the end of paragraph (26), by striking the
22	period at the end of paragraph (27) and inserting ",
23	and", and by adding at the end the following:
24	"(28) to the extent provided in section
25	30B(f)(4).".

1	(2) Section 53(d)(1)(B)(iii) is amended by in-
2	serting ", or not allowed under section 30B solely by
3	reason of the application of section 30B(e)(2)" be-
4	fore the period.
5	(3) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by inserting
6	"30B(e)," after "30(b)(3)".
7	(4) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
8	"30B(f)(9)," after "30(d)(4),".
9	(5) The table of sections for subpart B of part
10	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
11	serting after the item relating to section 30A the fol-
12	lowing:
	"Sec. 30B. Alternative motor vehicle credit.".
13	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
15	December 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such
16	date.
17	SEC. 4. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED ELEC-
18	TRIC VEHICLES.
19	(a) Amount of Credit.—
20	(1) In general.—Section 30(a) (relating to al-
21	lowance of credit) is amended by striking "10 per-
22	cent of".
23	(2) Limitation of credit according to
24	TYPE OF VEHICLE.—Section 30(b) (relating to limi-
25	tations) is amended—

1	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(1) Limitation according to type of ve-
4	HICLE.—The amount of the credit allowed under
5	subsection (a) for any vehicle shall not exceed the
6	greatest of the following amounts applicable to such
7	vehicle:
8	"(A) In the case of a vehicle which con-
9	forms to the Motor Vehicle Safety Standard
10	500 prescribed by the Secretary of Transpor-
11	tation, the lesser of—
12	"(i) 10 percent of the manufacturer's
13	suggested retail price of the vehicle, or
14	"(ii) \$4,000.
15	"(B) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
16	vehicle weight rating not exceeding 8,500
17	pounds—
18	"(i) \$4,000, or
19	"(ii) \$6,000, if such vehicle is—
20	"(I) capable of a driving range of
21	at least 100 miles on a single charge
22	of the vehicle's rechargeable batteries
23	and measured pursuant to the urban
24	dynamometer schedules under appen-

1	dix I to part 86 of title 40, Code of
2	Federal Regulations, or
3	"(II) capable of a payload capac-
4	ity of at least 1000 pounds.
5	"(C) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
6	vehicle weight rating exceeding 8,500 but not
7	exceeding 14,000 pounds, \$10,000.
8	"(D) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
9	vehicle weight rating exceeding 14,000 but not
10	exceeding 26,000 pounds, \$20,000.
11	"(E) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
12	vehicle weight rating exceeding 26,000 pounds,
13	\$40,000.", and
14	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
15	paragraph (2).
16	(3) Conforming amendments.—
17	(A) Section 53(d)(1)(B)(iii) is amended by
18	striking "section 30(b)(3)(B)" and inserting
19	"section 30(b)(2)(B)".
20	(3) Section 55(c)(2) is amended by striking
21	"30(b)(3)" and inserting "30(b)(2)".
22	(b) QUALIFIED BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLE.—
23	(1) In general.—Section 30(c)(1)(A) (defin-
24	ing qualified electric vehicle) is amended to read as
25	follows:

1	"(A) which is—
2	"(i) operated solely by use of a bat-
3	tery or battery pack, or
4	"(ii) powered primarily through the
5	use of an electric battery or battery pack
6	using a flywheel or capacitor which stores
7	energy produced by an electric motor
8	through regenerative braking to assist in
9	vehicle operation,".
10	(2) Leased vehicles.—Section 30(c)(1)(C) is
11	amended by inserting "or lease" after "use".
12	(3) Conforming amendments.—
13	(A) Subsections (a), (b)(2), and (c) of sec-
14	tion 30 are each amended by inserting "bat-
15	tery" after "qualified" each place it appears.
16	(B) The heading of subsection (c) of sec-
17	tion 30 is amended by inserting "Battery"
18	after "Qualified".
19	(C) The heading of section 30 is amended
20	by inserting "BATTERY" after "QUALIFIED".
21	(D) The item relating to section 30 in the
22	table of sections for subpart B of part IV of
23	subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
24	serting "battery" after "qualified".

- 1 (E) Section 179A(c)(3) is amended by in-2 serting "battery" before "electric".
- 3 (F) The heading of paragraph (3) of sec-4 tion 179A(c) is amended by inserting "BAT-5 TERY" before "ELECTRIC".
- 6 (c) Additional Special Rules.—Section 30(d)
 7 (relating to special rules) is amended by adding at the end
 8 the following:
- 9 "(5) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of 10 any deduction or credit allowable under this chapter 11 for any cost taken into account in computing the 12 amount of the credit determined under subsection 13 (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such credit at-14 tributable to such cost.
 - "(6) Property used by tax-exempt entities.—In the case of a credit amount which is allowable with respect to a vehicle which is acquired by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the vehicle for purposes of this section and the credit shall be allowed to such person, but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity in any sale or lease contract the specific amount of any credit otherwise allowable to the entity under this section and re-

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- duces the sale or lease price of such vehicle by an
- 2 equivalent amount of such credit.".
- 3 (d) Extension.—Section 30(e) (relating to termi-
- 4 nation) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting
- 5 "2007".
- 6 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 7 this section shall apply to property placed in service after
- 8 December 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such
- 9 date.

10 SEC. 5. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS

- 11 AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
- 13 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related cred-
- 14 its) is amended by inserting after section 40 the following:
- 15 "SEC. 40A. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE
- 16 FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
- 17 "(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38,
- 18 the alternative fuel retail sales credit for any taxable year
- 19 is 50 cents for each gasoline gallon equivalent of alter-
- 20 native fuel sold at retail by the taxpayer during such year
- 21 as a fuel to propel any qualified motor vehicle, but only
- 22 if the taxpayer reduces the retail sales price of such fuel
- 23 by an equivalent amount of such credit.
- 24 "(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

- "(1) ALTERNATIVE FUEL.—The term 'alternative fuel' means compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, and any liquid at least 85 percent of the volume of which consists of methanol.
 - "(2) GASOLINE GALLON EQUIVALENT.—The term 'gasoline gallon equivalent' means, with respect to any alternative fuel, the amount (determined by the Secretary) of such fuel having a Btu content of 114,000.
 - "(3) QUALIFIED MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term 'qualified motor vehicle' means any motor vehicle (as defined in section 30(c)(2)) which meets any applicable Federal or State emissions standards with respect to each fuel by which such vehicle is designed to be propelled.

"(4) Sold at retail.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'sold at retail' means the sale, for a purpose other than resale, after manufacture, production, or importation.
- "(B) USE TREATED AS SALE.—If any person uses alternative fuel (including any use after importation) as a fuel to propel any qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle (as defined in

- 1 section 30B(d)(4) before such fuel is sold at
- 2 retail, then such use shall be treated in the
- 3 same manner as if such fuel were sold at retail
- as a fuel to propel such a vehicle by such per-
- 5 son.
- 6 "(c) No Double Benefit.—The amount of any de-
- 7 duction or credit allowable under this chapter for any fuel
- 8 taken into account in computing the amount of the credit
- 9 determined under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the
- 10 amount of such credit attributable to such fuel.
- 11 "(d) Pass-Thru in the Case of Estates and
- 12 Trusts.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary,
- 13 rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of section 52
- 14 shall apply.
- 15 "(e) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
- 16 any fuel sold at retail after December 31, 2007.".
- 17 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Sec-
- 18 tion 38(b) (relating to current year business credit) is
- 19 amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (12),
- 20 by striking the period at the end of paragraph (13) and
- 21 inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following:
- "(14) the alternative fuel retail sales credit de-
- termined under section 40A(a).".

- 1 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to
- 2 transitional rules) is amended by adding at the end the
- 3 following:
- 4 "(10) No Carryback of Section 40A Credit
- 5 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
- 6 used business credit for any taxable year which is
- 7 attributable to the alternative fuel retail sales credit
- 8 determined under section 40A(a) may be carried
- 9 back to a taxable year ending before January 1,
- 10 2002.".
- 11 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 12 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
- 13 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 14 40 the following:

"Sec. 40A. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel.".

- 15 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 16 this section shall apply to fuel sold at retail after Decem-
- 17 ber 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such date.
- 18 SEC. 6. EXTENSION OF DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN REFUEL-
- 19 **ING PROPERTY.**
- 20 (a) In General.—Section 179A(f) (relating to ter-
- 21 mination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting
- 22 "2007".
- 23 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 179A(c)
- 24 (relating to qualified clean-fuel vehicle property defined)
- 25 is amended by striking paragraph (3).

- 1 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 this section shall apply to property placed in service after
- 3 December 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such
- 4 date.
- 5 SEC. 7. CREDIT FOR INSTALLATION OF ALTERNATIVE
- 6 FUELING STATIONS.
- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-
- 8 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.),
- 9 as amended by section 3, is amended by adding at the
- 10 end the following:
- 11 "SEC. 30C. CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY
- 12 CREDIT.
- 13 "(a) Credit Allowed.—There shall be allowed as
- 14 a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the
- 15 taxable year an amount equal to—
- 16 "(1) 50 percent, in the case of retail clean-fuel
- vehicle refueling property, and
- 18 "(2) 50 percent, in the case of residential clean-
- 19 fuel vehicle refueling property,
- 20 of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer during
- 21 the taxable year for the installation of clean-fuel vehicle
- 22 refueling property.
- 23 "(b) Limitation.—The credit allowed under—

1	"(1) subsection (a)(1) with respect to clean-fuel
2	vehicle refueling property, shall not exceed \$30,000,
3	and
4	"(2) subsection (a)(2) with respect to clean-fuel
5	vehicle refueling property, shall not exceed \$1,000.
6	"(c) Year Credit Allowed.—The credit allowed
7	under subsection (a) shall be allowed in the taxable year
8	in which the clean-fuel vehicle refueling property is placed
9	in service by the taxpayer.
10	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
11	"(1) CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP-
12	ERTY.—The term 'clean-fuel vehicle refueling prop-
13	erty' has the same meaning given the term 'qualified
14	clean-fuel vehicle refueling property' under section
15	179A.
16	"(2) Residential clean-fuel vehicle re-
17	FUELING PROPERTY.—The term 'residential clean-
18	fuel vehicle refueling property' means clean-fuel ve-
19	hicle refueling property which is installed on prop-
20	erty which is used as the principal residence (within
21	the meaning of section 121) of the taxpayer.
22	"(3) Retail clean-fuel vehicle refueling
23	PROPERTY.—The term 'retail clean-fuel vehicle re-
24	fueling property' means clean-fuel vehicle refueling
25	property—

1	"(A) which is installed on property used in
2	a trade or business of the taxpayer, and
3	"(B) if such refueling property—
4	"(i) is—
5	"(I) available to the public dur-
6	ing normal business hours, and
7	"(II) capable of serving at least 3
8	motor vehicles at the same time, or
9	"(ii) regularly serves at least 1 fleet of
10	10 or more motor vehicles.
11	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The
12	credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
13	shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
14	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year re-
15	duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
16	part A and sections 27, 29, 30, and 30B, over
17	"(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
18	year.
19	"(f) Basis Reduction.—For purposes of this title,
20	the basis of any property shall be reduced by the portion
21	of the cost of such property taken into account under sub-
22	section (a).
23	"(g) No Double Benefit.—No deduction shall be
24	allowed under section 179A with respect to any property

- 1 with respect to which a credit is allowed under subsection
- 2 (a).
- 3 "(h) Refueling Property Installed for Tax-
- 4 Exempt Entities.—In the case of clean-fuel vehicle re-
- 5 fueling property installed on property owned or used by
- 6 an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person
- 7 which installs such refueling property for the entity shall
- 8 be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the refueling
- 9 property for purposes of this section (and such refueling
- 10 property shall be treated as retail clean-fuel vehicle refuel-
- 11 ing property) and the credit shall be allowed to such per-
- 12 son, but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity
- 13 in any installation contract the specific amount of the
- 14 credit allowable under this section and modifies the price
- 15 of such contract to take into account the amount of such
- 16 credit.

17 "(i) Carryforward Allowed.—

- 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount allow-
- able under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds
- the amount of the limitation under subsection (b)
- 21 for such taxable year (referred to as the 'unused
- credit year' in this subsection), such excess shall be
- allowed as a credit carryforward for each of the 20
- taxable years following the unused credit year.

1 "(2) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of sec-2 tion 39 shall apply with respect to the credit 3 carryforward under paragraph (1). "(j) Special Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of 4 5 paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 179A(e) shall apply. 6 "(k) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe 7 such regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions 8 of this section. 9 "(1) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to any property placed in service after December 31, 2007.". 10 11 (b) Conforming Amendments.— 12 (1) Section 1016(a), as amended by section 3(b)(1), is amended by striking "and" at the end of 13 14 paragraph (27), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (28) and inserting ", and", and by add-15 16 ing at the end the following: 17 "(29) to the extent provided in section 18 30C(f).". 19 (2) Section 53(d)(1)(B)(iii), as amended by section 3(b)(2), is amended by inserting ", or not al-20 21 lowed under section 30C solely by reason of the ap-22 plication of section 30C(e)(2)" before the period. 23 (3) Section 55(c)(2), as amended by section 24 3(b)(3), is amended by inserting "30C(e)," after "30B(e)". 25

- 1 (4) The table of sections for subpart B of part
 2 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by sec3 tion 3(b)(5), is amended by inserting after the item
 4 relating to section 30B the following:
 - "Sec. 30C. Clean-fuel vehicle refueling property credit.".
- 5 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 6 this section shall apply to property placed in service after
- 7 December 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such
- 8 date.

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